

**EVERYTHING
EDUCATION**

BEHAVIOUR POLICY

OWNERSHIP: Everything Education School

AUTHORISED BY: M Hussain (Headteacher)

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INTRODUCTION

Everything Education places the safety and well-being of the children and young people we educate and care for as its highest priority. We are committed to meeting their individual needs and aim to create a culture where children and young people flourish and enjoy their education. Our approach is informed by our clinical well-being strategies which are based on the most current and up to date research.

Our schools have different identities and approaches, which are unique to them and reflect the needs of their pupils. The aim of this policy is to promote positive behaviour through a supportive and consistent approach that is based on an understanding of our children and young people's individual needs.

Everything Education is an independent school which offers support for children and young people with complex needs. At Everything Education we support boys and girls between the ages of 11 and 16 years of age who have a range of needs. Our aim is very simple: we want to equip every child with the skills, knowledge and confidence that they need to be successful in their future. The School's local arrangements can be read in Appendix 1.

The School has a trauma informed, needs-led approach that encourages positive behaviour by proactively recognising and flexibly supporting our pupils' holistic individual needs. Staff are trained to apply this approach in practice at all times and support our children and young people consistently and fairly, developing positive, respectful relationships with them.

1.0 LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND GUIDANCE

This policy complies with all relevant regulations and other legislation as detailed, including:

- [The Education \(Independent School Standards\) Regulations 2014](#)
- [The Independent School Standards \(Guidance for independent schools- updated April 2019\)](#)
- [Equality Act \(2010\)](#)
- [Education Act \(2011\)](#)
- [Children and Families Act 2014](#)
- [Positive environments where children can flourish, Ofsted Guidance \(2021\)](#)
- [Behaviour and Discipline in Schools DFE Guidance \(2016\)](#)
- [Behaviour in Schools A guide for Head Teachers and School Staff \(September 2022\) DFE Guidance](#)
- [Use of reasonable Force – advice for school leaders, staff and governing bodies](#)
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education, statutory guidance for schools and colleges \(September 2023\)](#)
- [DFE Guidance on Searching, Screening and Confiscation \(July 2022\)](#)

The [Behaviour and discipline in schools \(2016\) guidance](#) states that 'schools need to ensure they have a strong behaviour policy to support staff in managing behaviour, including the use of rewards and sanctions'. Behaviour policies are typically informed by Behaviourist approaches; however we are aware that punitive approaches to behaviour management in schools are damaging to children's mental health. This is especially true for alternative provision schools who have a significant number of individuals with lived experience of trauma and complex needs.

[Behaviour in schools \(2022\) guidance](#) is clear that good behaviour in schools is central to a good education, with schools providing a calm, safe and supportive environment which pupils want to



attend and where they can learn and thrive.

2.0 POLICY FRAMEWORK

The Group is committed to reducing the use of restraint and restrictive practices and supporting preventative practices across all services.

Our school is underpinned by our needs-led and Trauma Informed Practice, drawing upon evidence-based core principles of **Connect, Co-Regulate, Co-Reflect**.

This policy should be read alongside the above strategies, guidance and other relevant school and Group policies and guidance, including:

- Safeguarding Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Medication Policy
- Code of Conduct
- Managing Allegations Against Staff Procedure
- Complaints Policy

3.0 PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

The policy aims to reflect and demonstrate the importance of the School's commitment to promoting the entitlement of young people to the highest quality of education. This policy aims to support an evidence based, person-centred and inclusive approach where pupils are supported to learn effective ways of managing their emotions and behaviour to prepare for their future.

3.1 POLICY IMPLEMENTATION

Everyone is expected and supported to treat one another with dignity, kindness and respect.

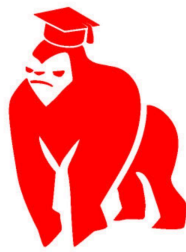
This policy can be implemented alongside Individual Plans, which may identify a specific approach tailored to a pupil's strengths and needs.

When incidents of behavioural distress and emotional dysregulation occur, we respond promptly, predictably and with confidence to maintain a calm, safe learning environment. We consider and reflect together how the likelihood of such incidents recurring can be reduced.

5.0 OUR PHILOSOPHY

Young people are all individual and unique and we celebrate this.

- ❖ We value developing strong and respectful relationships within the whole School community. This includes young people, between staff, with parents/carers, and the wider community, such as CAMHS.
- ❖ We maintain clear boundaries and expectations to create safe and predictable environments.
- ❖ We regularly consult pupils to ensure their voices are heard.
- ❖ We recognise children can be distressed and can experience meltdowns or shutdowns. We also recognise that some behaviours are just part of everyone's childhood and adolescence, for example, pushing boundaries when developing independence.



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- ❖ We recognise that as a whole School community we impact one another. Regular reflective practice enables us to understand, make sense of and support this impact positively.
- ❖ Our philosophy is never based on punishment but **focused on solutions**. Our young people are managing the best way that they know how, with the skills they currently have.
- ❖ There are times when children may become so distressed that additional measures may be required to keep them and others safe. Our staff are trained to respond appropriately and must always use the least restrictive intervention possible.
- ❖ Our teachers and School team are role models in helping our pupils learn more skillful ways to experience success

6.0 MAINTAINING HIGH STANDARDS OF WELL BEING TO SUPPORT POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR

Senior Leaders take responsibility for implementing measures to ensure our School's approach to supporting needs and behaviour meets the following national minimum expectation:

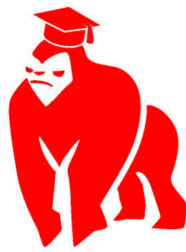
- ❖ We have high expectations of pupils. Our expectation relating to their behavior is always understood according to their individual strengths and needs.
- ❖ School leaders visibly and consistently support all staff in supporting pupils' needs and behaviour through following this policy.
- ❖ Universal and personalised measures are in place to support our pupils to be the best versions of themselves.
- ❖ All members of the School community create a positive safe environment in which bullying, physical threats or abuse and intimidation are not tolerated, in which pupils are safe and feel safe and everyone is treated respectfully.
- ❖ Any incidents of bullying, sexual violence and harassment, discrimination, aggression, and derogatory language (including name calling) are dealt with quickly and effectively.

6.1 KEY ROLES

The Role of School Leaders - Our School leadership team is highly visible, with leaders routinely engaging with pupils, parents / carers and staff on setting and maintaining the School culture and an environment where everyone feels safe and supported.

Leaders ensure that any new staff are inducted into the School culture to ensure they understand its rules and routines and how best to support pupils to participate in creating the culture of the School. All new staff receive bespoke training as part of their induction into understanding the needs of the pupils as appropriate, and **CPI (Crisis Prevention Institute) De-escalation and Behaviour Management Training**. Ongoing training and support is also provided via the School's professional development arrangements.

The Role of School Staff - All School staff have a responsibility to provide a safe environment in which pupils can learn, including regulation of their own emotions and behaviour, encouraging respect for others, and preventing all forms of bullying (including cyberbullying, prejudice-based



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and discriminatory bullying) and being alert to any signs of child-on-child abuse. Staff have an important role in developing a calm and safe environment and establishing clear expectations and boundaries. Staff uphold the whole-school approach to behaviour by teaching and modelling expected behaviour and positive relationships so that pupils can see examples of good habits and are confident to ask for help when needed.

Staff communicate School expectations, routines, values and standards both explicitly through teaching skills, visual supports and in every interaction with pupils. Staff also receive clear guidance about School expectations of their own conduct, which are set out in the *Staff Code of Conduct*.

The role of pupils - All pupils deserve to learn in an environment that is calm, safe, supportive and where they are treated with dignity. To achieve this, every pupil is made aware, in line with their individual capacity, of the School standards, expectations, pastoral support, and consequence processes. Pupils are taught that they have a duty to contribute to the School culture and are asked about their experience of the School and provide feedback in ways that are accessible and meaningful to them. This can help support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of this policy. Every pupil is supported to achieve the best standards they can, including an induction and transition process that familiarises them with the School culture.

The role of parents/carers - The role of parents/carers is crucial in helping the School to develop and maintain our culture and approach. Including parents and carers within the whole School community is key to ensure comprehensive support around the young person. Parents/carers are encouraged to get to know the School's Behaviour Policy and related policies and, where possible, take part in the life of the School and its culture.

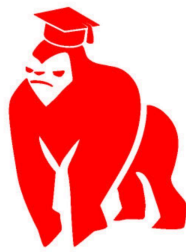
Parents/carers should be encouraged to reinforce the policy at home as appropriate. Where a parent/carer has any concerns, they should raise this directly with the School while continuing to work in partnership with them.

We build and maintain positive relationships with parents/carers, by keeping them updated about their child, encouraging them to celebrate successes, or holding sessions for parents/carers to help them support the consistency of the policy and their child's needs. Where appropriate, parents/carers should be included in pastoral work, including attending reviews of specific interventions in place.

Focus on relationships – Positive and meaningful relationships throughout the whole-school community are essential to fostering a healthy environment for all. Empathy, trust and consistency are all important in building relationships. For various reasons, children can test and challenge relationships, therefore adults responsible for them require the ability to sensitively and confidently manage the adult-child relationship. There is an expectation that we are kind to one another and help to lead and drive high standards of culture and positive behaviour across the school to benefit young people.

Individual needs – We celebrate difference and make reasonable adjustments to enable children to access learning and engaging to the best of their ability. This approach is informed by formal assessments, EHCP's, and Plans and getting to know our young people – their likes, dislikes, and how to help them reach their potential. As far as possible, we use a proactive approach to anticipate likely triggers of behaviour.

7.0 CREATING AN INCLUSIVE COMMUNITY



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- **Clear expectations and consistent boundaries:** We clearly communicate our expectations through speech, visuals and modelling so all staff and pupils (in line with their ability) are aware of the expectations and boundaries appropriate to their strengths and needs.
- **The Curriculum:** Our behaviour curriculum is part of our Personal, Social, Health and Citizenship / Sex and Relationships curriculums.
- **Routines:** Routines and structure are integral to the school day. For example, staff will ensure that pupils receive a timetable for their learning and daily activities.
- **Environment:** We create calm, welcoming and clean spaces, taking into account the sensory sensitivities and needs of our population.
- **Communication:** We use a total communication approach which aligns with the communication strengths and needs of our population.
- **Emotional Understanding:** Many of our pupils may experience more intense emotional responses and/or struggle to process, share, express their emotions. We support our pupils to develop skills to understand and manage their emotions and behaviour through the use of models, such as, the *Zones of Regulation*. This helps supports a shared language approach within the whole-school community.
- **Rewards and Recognition** – We recognise and celebrate effort as well as achievement. Examples of our rewards and reinforcements include praise, ‘Star of the Week,’ certificates, days out, unexpected rewards, golden time, certificates. Efforts and achievements will be shared with the wider community, such as parents/carers. Rewards are never taken away from a pupil once they have been earned for the intention of providing a sanction.
- **What we do not support** – this list is inclusive of, but not exhaustive – the school does not support talking about children in front of them or others, shouting at one another, swearing, and disrespectful language.

8.0 RESPONDING TO DISTRESS AND NEED

There are times when our pupils become distressed and may require other sources of support. When a member of school staff becomes aware they respond empathically, predictably, promptly and clearly in line with this policy.

The first priority will be to establish the physical and emotional safety of pupils and staff and to restore a calm environment. Keeping pupils safe is always the highest priority for all staff.

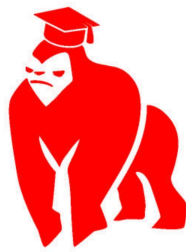
We will also consider whether the behaviour gives cause to suspect that a pupil is suffering, or is likely to suffer, harm. Staff must be familiar with, and follow, the School’s Safeguarding Policy. All concerns, no matter how small, that a child is being harmed or is at risk of harm must be reported to the School’s Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Deputy.

The School has the responsibility to respond to pupil’s behaviour outside of the School premises (including online) to such an extent as is reasonable.

The School adopts a range of initial intervention strategies to help pupils support their emotional regulation and behaviour.

9.0 NATURAL AND LOGICAL CONSEQUENCES

A non-punitive and no sanctions-based approach is embraced. Positive reinforcement combined with natural and logical consequences support a positive and whole school culture.



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All children require boundaries and consequences that are fair, predictable and understandable. Children are encouraged to be a part of devising these.

Natural Consequences occur without the intervention of an adult. For example, a young person might throw a favoured object when they are feeling angry which might then break and therefore cannot be used. Shame is also considered a natural consequence, and young people will require support with this.

Logical consequences are adult-led and are linked to the event, and when a natural consequence may not occur or may be a safety hazard. For example, if a young person removing their seatbelt during a car journey – a logical consequence to ensure safety may be to avoid car journeys whilst a plan to ensure seatbelts are worn is in place.

Natural and Logical Consequences will be communicated to the young person in an empathic and collaborative way, never in a shaming way.

Our School does not use punitive sanctions, for example detention, removal of privileges, continuing with a consequence at home after the incident at school. These can promote a sense of shame, are often not linked to the behaviour and therefore do not encourage our pupils to learn what to do instead. The consequence must always be linked to the behaviour to provide a learning opportunity.

Repairing relationships (a restorative approach) is a key part of natural and logical consequences and it is the staff's responsibility to approach this repair if it is difficult for the young person.

10.0 DE-ESCALATION

De-escalation techniques are our primary responsive strategies, these include:

- positive framing
- planned positive distraction
- diverting
- change of the environment
- changes to the team around the child
- use of space
- verbal and or visual support.

11.0 THE USE OF RESTRICTIVE PHYSICAL INTERVENTION

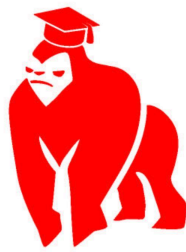
We are aware that restraint of any kind can have a negative impact on a child's mental health and damage relationships between children and those who educate for them.

Restraint is only ever used as a last resort response to maximise safety and minimise harm of the child/young person and others.

A reasonable, proportionate and least restrictive course of action is taken when there is an imminent or immediate risk of harm to self or others.

It will always be used for the shortest time possible and only when there is no other alternative to help children and staff to stay safe. Staff are fully trained using **CPI** and work in line with the Physical Intervention Policy

Where possible we consult with all pupils about their de-escalation plans to ensure their voice is



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heard and understood in relation to their triggers and how they want their staff team to respond.

12.0 SEARCHING, SCREENING AND CONFISCATION

School staff can confiscate, retain or dispose of a pupil's property in line with the [DFE Guidance on Searching, Screening and Confiscation](#). Staff should consider whether the confiscation is proportionate and consider any special circumstances relevant to the case.

Items which contribute to the pupil's wellbeing, neurodivergence and sense of safety (for example fidget toys) will never be removed unless there is a risk of significant harm.

13.0 REMOVAL FROM CLASSROOM

Removal from a classroom is only ever considered when the safety and well-being of the individual, classmates and teaching staff are at risk. A dynamic risk assessment must be taken at that time.

The pupil will continue to be supervised at a level appropriate to their emotional and intellectual needs and will be integrated back into the classroom as soon as it is safe and appropriate to do so.

Staff will reflect on and review the action that was taken.

14.0 SUSPENSION AND PERMANENT EXCLUSIONS

All pupils are entitled to an education where they are protected from disruption and can learn in a calm, safe and supportive environment. Headteachers can use suspension and permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour which has not improved following in-school adaptations and support.

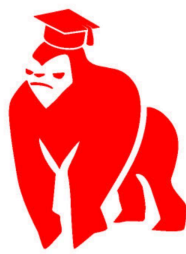
This will also be seen as a very last resort, as removing a pupil from school as an environment with trusted adults is rarely likely to be in a pupil's best interests. We also recognise the impact this might have on and young person and or parent/carers and will work to support the young person and their family/carers. Please refer to the *Suspension and Permanent Exclusion Policy* for more information.

15.0 DE-BRIEFING

It is good practice to provide a space for young people to de-brief following a significant incident and to support relationship reparation. This needs to be at a time that is appropriate and timely and when everyone is ready. We can use visual and narrative techniques to support and promote learning during any pupil's de-brief. It is recognised that some neurodivergent pupils will struggle to reflect as they may not recall memories during a meltdown and therefore, we ensure all de-briefs occur in the pupil's best interest. Staff are also supported to de-brief and a joint de-brief may be appropriate to support the repair of a relationship. The emphasis is on the adults approaching this repair with the child, acknowledging that this is about repairing the relationship, not to focus on the behaviour.

15.1 COLLEAGUE WELL BEING

It is recognised that managing complex needs can be stressful for individuals and for teams, and at Everything Education we aim to create a positive and trauma informed whole school culture. Our Trauma Informed Practice strategy supports individuals to be aware of and also manage their own well-being. Schools support colleagues after an incident and/or challenging day in a



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non-judgemental and empathic safe space and post incident de-briefs are mandatory. Teams are also supported with regular reflective practice groups to enable them to process the impact of the work.

17.0 RECORDING AND REPORTING

The School has a strong and effective system for data capture, including all components of the behaviour culture. This is monitored and objectively analysed regularly by designated staff, with a monitoring and evaluation cycle, with engagement from school leaders and governors. This includes, behaviour incident data, attendance, permanent exclusion and suspension data, incidents of searching, screening and confiscation, and surveys for staff, pupils, governors, proprietors and other stakeholders on their perceptions and experiences of the School behaviour culture.

School leaders and staff analyse and audit data with an objective lens and from multiple perspectives: at school level, group level and individual staff and pupil level. School leaders pose questions to drill down further to identify possible factors contributing to the behaviour, system problems or failure to provide appropriate support. Analysing the data by protected characteristic and using those findings to inform policy and practice help the School ensure that it is meeting its duties under the *Equality Act 2010*.

Reporting to outside agencies: Behaviours presented by the young people which are dangerous or criminally harmful will require reporting to outside agencies, such as the police. If concerns are raised about staff, referral to outside agency may be required, such as the Local Authority or police. Staff must follow the process set out in *School Safeguarding Policy* and *Managing Allegations Against Staff Procedure*.

18.0 ANTI BULLYING

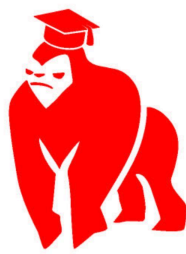
Children may lack the social skills required to manage relationships, and/or they may not have learnt a way of managing relationships through appropriate role modelling. Staff will remain vigilant to signs of bullying, which could be obvious or subtle, in person or online, and will be dealt with according to the *School's Anti-Bullying Policy*.

19.0 CHILD-ON-CHILD ABUSE and SEXUAL HARRASSMENT

Following any report or concerns raised of child-on-child abuse or sexual harassment offline or online, notify the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Deputy immediately. The School is clear that sexual violence and sexual harassment are never acceptable, will not be tolerated and that incidents where behaviour falls below expectations will be addressed. All staff are aware of the importance of challenging all inappropriate language and behaviour between pupils.

The School will never normalise sexually abusive language or behaviour by treating it as 'banter,' an inevitable fact of life or an expected part of growing up. We advocate strenuously for high standards of conduct between pupils and staff; they should demonstrate and model manners, courtesy and dignified/respectful relationships.

It is essential that all victims are reassured they will be supported, kept safe, and are being taken seriously, regardless of how long it has taken them to come forward. Abuse that occurs online or outside of the School will not be downplayed and will be treated equally seriously. A victim will never be given the impression that they are creating a problem by reporting sexual violence or sexual harassment. Nor will a victim ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report or their experience minimised.



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20.0 ONLINE INCIDENTS – Please also see the E-Safety Policy

The way in which pupils relate to one another online can have a significant impact on the culture at school. Negative interactions online can damage the School's culture and can lead to school feeling like an unsafe place. Behaviour issues online can be very difficult to manage given issues of anonymity, and online incidents occur both on and off the School premises. The School is clear that even though the online space differs in many ways, the same standards of behaviour are expected online as apply offline, and that everyone should be treated with kindness, respect and dignity.

Inappropriate online behaviour including bullying, the use of inappropriate language, the soliciting and sharing of nude or semi-nude images and videos and sexual harassment will be addressed in accordance with the same principles as offline behaviour, and the process set out in the *Safeguarding Policy* for reporting must be followed when an incident raises a safeguarding concern. The Designated Safeguarding Lead or Deputy must be informed immediately.

The School will address with pupils when their behaviour online poses a threat or causes harm to another pupil, and/or could have repercussions for the running of / reputation of the School.

21.0 SUSPECTED CRIMINAL BEHAVIOUR

In cases when a member of staff or headteacher suspects criminal behaviour, the School will make an initial assessment of whether an incident should be reported to the police by gathering enough information to establish the facts of the case. These initial investigations will be fully documented, and the School will make every effort to preserve any relevant evidence. Once a decision is made to report the incident to police, the School will ensure any further action they take does not interfere with any police action taken. However, the School retains the discretion to continue investigations and implement their own consequences so long as it does not conflict with police action.

When making a report to the police, it will often be appropriate to make in tandem a report to the Local Authority. The School's Safeguarding Policy must be followed, with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (or deputy) being informed immediately.

22.0 COMPLAINTS

Any complaint or concern raised by a young person will be taken very seriously, and staff will be vigilant to obvious and subtle signs of this. A complaint will be dealt within in accordance with the Complaints Policy.



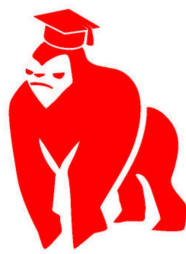
APPENDIX 1

Local Arrangements

Expectations and Positive Practice

At School, we hold high expectations for the behaviour of every member of our community. There is a commitment to providing pupils with a safe environment to learn and flourish. These expectations also support pupils in learning about the wider world and preparing them for next steps and adulthood. These expectations, underpinned by our values and ethos, have formed our school Code of Conduct:

1. Please listen to others.
2. Show courtesy and consideration towards others.
3. Non-negotiable behaviours include:
 - Use of targeted, threatening or inappropriate language to others.
 - Bullying and any form of child-on-child abuse that takes place in or outside of school.
 - Physical harm to others.
 - Damage to property.
4. Help create an atmosphere in which everyone can live and learn peacefully and effectively.
5. Move around school sensibly and with regard to the wishes and needs of other people.
6. Keep the building and grounds clean, tidy and welcoming.
7. Respect other people's property.
8. We are a no smoking / vaping school.



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The Code of Conduct has been designed so that everyone has the opportunity to live and learn in peace. It covers the behaviour we expect from all pupils in all areas of the school.

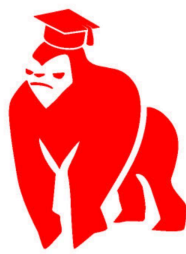
Children and young people with SEND are statistically more likely to exhibit behaviours, which challenge those around them and the settings which educate and care for them. One of the reasons for this is that these children and young people generally experience much greater difficulty in expressing their feelings, needs and choices. School adopts the following general approaches to reduce the likelihood of such behaviours occurring or developing:

- Teaching and learning that at least is consistently good.
- Teaching and learning that is relevant, adapted to meet the needs, aptitudes and abilities of the children and young people.
- Communication schedules and alternative communication strategies.
- The opportunity to make meaningful choices.
- Careful attention to physical and emotional needs.
- Experiences and activities which are appropriately stimulating.
- Careful management of the environment, including the setting conditions and triggers for behaviours.
- Warm and caring relationships with adults and their influence and impact.
- Structure, predictability and consistency in daily routines.
- Clear and explicit boundaries and rules within the learning environment.
- Regular explanation of expectations.
- Rewards and natural logical consequences consistently and fairly applied in line with the policy.

The promotion of positive behaviour as outlined in our expectations is an essential part of fulfilling our school vision and aims. All pupils are taught about personal and social relationships through their interactions with staff and their peers, during discreet learning and direct teaching in subjects such as PSHE & Citizenship, and across the whole curriculum. Assemblies, form time and reflection can promote and address issues relating to behaviour, relationships and well-being. Extended social, leisure and recreational activities provided through the wider curriculum and enrichment also offer the opportunity for learning positive behaviours and for these to be positively reinforced by all.

All adults in the school are expected to model the highest standards of appropriate behaviour in their own conduct around the school. Similarly, any unwanted or non-negotiable behaviour should be appropriately supported and addressed by all with a child-centered and trauma informed approach.

Pastoral Support



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The school endeavors to provide support for all pupils that enables them to achieve academically, socially and personally. Systems of support include the Form Tutor, Support Staff, Teachers and members of the Pastoral team.

Pastoral support can also take the shape of home/school agreements, or an individual may be placed on a Pastoral Intervention Plan, with a clear focus on improving particular aspects of young people's behaviour.

Home/school liaison is a key feature in promoting consistency of approaches, parental support and agreed actions. Team around the pupil meetings will consider and incorporate all professional views from within the school, involve the pupil and their parents/carers and review all data and reports, before revising targets and actions.

When the school considers whether the behaviour under review gives cause to suspect that a pupil is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm. Where this may be the case, the school staff should follow the schools' safeguarding policy. They should also consider whether continuing disruptive behaviour might be the result of unmet educational or other needs. At this point, the school will consider whether a multi-agency assessment is necessary.

Rewards

Rewards and natural logical consequences form part of the school's practices and procedures. Rewards should reinforce positive behaviour or recognise a good achievement across all learning environments. Natural logical consequences should be consistently applied (unique to the pupil and their needs) and explained to support pupils with their behaviour.

Rewarding our pupils is important to the school community. Not only do we wish to encourage engagement in learning and positive behaviour, but we also recognise the importance of developing character and promoting our Values:

- Courage
- Engagement
- Communication
- Determination
- Resilience
- Respect
- Collaboration
- Creativity
- Perseverance



- Reflectiveness

Our values have breadth and underpin our pastoral care, well-being, personal development, character and preparation for individual next steps. Pupils who meet our expectations throughout the school day will be rewarded with praise points. They are awarded through daily learning sessions and can be awarded for the following, although this list is not exhaustive:

- Engaging in learning.
- Progress with their individual attendance.
- Positive contribution in lessons and learning opportunities.
- Demonstration of School Values.
- Being a positive role model.
- Achieving and progress towards individual targets.
- Contributing to the school community.

Pupils will benefit from a range of rewards, and they can also use their praise points at the school pastoral shop. Some of these rewards are listed:

- Headteacher's Breakfast
- Recognition in rewards assemblies
- Individual certificates
- Praise postcards
- Options to trade in points at the pastoral shop
- Trips throughout the year
- Award Ceremonies at the end of the year

Issuing Points

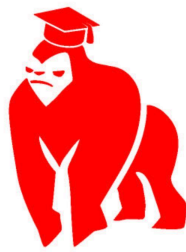
Lesson

Pupils can earn a maximum of 3 points for engaging each learning opportunity.

2 extra points can be awarded for accepting challenge, extended learning, independent learning and attending clubs and individual learning sessions.

Form Group

Tutors will award 1 point each day for pupils who attend with correct/agreed uniform. At their



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discretion, tutors can award 2 extra points for pupils that make an excellent contribution to form time and routines.

Attendance Points

Any pupils with 100% attendance per half term will automatically be credited with 50 points. Any pupils with 95% attendance per half term will automatically be credited with 25 points. Pupils that are working towards increasing their attendance, will also be credited with 25 points.

Community Conduct Points

Any pupil following school expectations and displaying our values around school can be awarded up to 5 points.

Leadership rewards and referral to the Headteacher

Senior staff provide a high presence across the school, and they can award praise points at their discretion. Teaching staff can refer pupils to the Headteacher if they are working exceptionally well.

It is important to note that there are arrangements in place for pupils who attend school on a part-time/transition basis or when there are authorised absences.

Natural Logical Consequences

Sometimes things don't go well and pupils may display unwanted and/or dysregulated behaviour. It needs to be very clear what will happen if this occurs and all the adults have a consistent approach, so if these things happen there will be natural logical consequences. Natural logical consequences need to be carefully monitored to determine their effectiveness.

At Everything Education, we recognise that it is the consistency of the consequence, not the size of the consequence that is important. Consequences should always be a natural outcome of the choices being made. The needs and abilities of the young person should be considered when applying these.

The age, needs, capacity and abilities of the young person should be considered when applying consequences. Staff must act reasonably, fairly, consistently and proportionately. Staff should also evaluate the risks or special circumstances when administering a sanction.

The following natural logical consequences may be applied:

- Verbal reminder, discussion and redirection
- Reflection and reparation
- Daily monitoring of behaviour

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- Reflection for missed learning
- Loss of privileges
- Reflection time with key members of staff

To provide a consistent approach for non-negotiable behaviour, the following will apply (the needs and abilities of the young person, as well as the context of this behaviour will always be considered):

- If pupils display non-negotiable behaviours, there is an expectation that they will complete reflection time with an appropriate member of staff so that they receive responsive support.
- If a series of non-negotiable behaviours are displayed within one week, the pupil may be asked to complete reflection time during enrichment. This will provide an extended session for the pupil to receive some targeted support.
- If pupils refuse to complete their reflection time (used to provide pastoral support, catch up on missed learning, reflect on behaviour or challenges in school) then they may receive a further opportunity.

VERSION CONTROL